We claim

5 1. A 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivative of the formula I

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where the variables have the following meanings:

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R1, R2 are hydrogen, nitro, halogen, cyano, C1-C6-alkyl,
C1-C6-haloalkyl, C1-C6-alkoxy, C1-C6-haloalkoxy,
C1-C6-alkylthio, C1-C6-haloalkylthio,
C1-C6-alkylsulfinyl, C1-C6-haloalkylsulfinyl,
C1-C6-alkylsulfonyl or C1-C6-haloalkylsulfonyl;

25 R³ is hydrogen, halogen or C_1 - C_6 -alkyl;

 R^4 , R^5 are hydrogen, halogen, cyano, nitro, C1-C4-alkyl, C_1-C_4 -alkoxy- C_1-C_4 -alkyl, di(C_1-C_4 -alkoxy)- C_1-C_4 alkyl, $di(C_1-C_4-alkyl)$ -amino- $C_1-C_4-alkyl$, 30 $[2,2-di(C_1-C_4-alky1)-1-hydrazino]-C_1-C_4-alky1,$ C_1-C_6 -alkyliminooxy- C_1-C_4 -alkyl, C_1-C_4 -alkoxycarbonyl- C_1-C_4 -alkyl, C_1-C_4 -alkylthio- C_1-C_4 -alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-cyanoalkyl, C₃-C₈-cycloalkyl, 35 C_1-C_4 -alkoxy, C_1-C_4 -alkoxy- C_2-C_4 -alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, hydroxyl, C₁-C₄-alkylcarbonyloxy, C_1-C_4 -alkylthio, C_1-C_4 -haloalkylthio, di(C₁-C₄-alkyl)amino, COR⁶, phenyl or benzyl, it being possible for the two last-mentioned substituents to be fully or partially halogenated 40 and/or to have attached to them one to three of the following groups: nitro, cyano, C1-C4-alkyl, C1-C4-haloalkyl,

C₁-C₄-alkoxy or C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy;

 R^4 and R^5 together form a C_2 - C_6 -alkanediyl chain which can be mono- to tetrasubstituted by C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and/or which can be interrupted by oxygen or by a nitrogen which is unsubstituted or substituted by C_1 - C_4 -alkyl;

or

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10 R4 and R5 together with the corresponding carbon form a carbonyl or thiocarbonyl group;

is hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_3 - C_6 -alkenyloxy, C_3 - C_6 -alkenyloxy or NR^7R^8 ;

 R^7 is hydrogen or C_1-C_4 -alkyl;

20 \mathbb{R}^8 is C_1-C_4 -alkyl;

X is O, S, NR^9 , CO or $CR^{10}R^{11}$;

25 Y is O, S, NR^{12} , CO or $CR^{13}R^{14}$;

 R^9 , R^{12} are hydrogen or C_1 - C_4 -alkyl;

 $R^{10},\ R^{11},\ R^{13},\ R^{14}\ are\ hydrogen,\ C_1-C_4-alkyl,\ C_1-C_4-haloalkyl,$ $C_1-C_4-alkoxycarbonyl,\ C_1-C_4-haloalkoxycarbonyl\ or\ CONR^7R^8;$

or

R⁴ and R⁹ or R⁴ and R¹⁰ or R⁵ and R¹² or R⁵ and R¹³ together form a C_2 - C_6 -alkanediyl chain which can be mono- to tetrasubstituted by C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and/or interrupted by oxygen or by a nitrogen which is unsubstituted or substituted by C_1 - C_4 -alkyl;

 ${\rm R}^{15}$ is a pyrazole of the formula II which is linked in the 4-position

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35

ΙI

where

10 R16

> \mathbf{z} is H or SO_2R^{17} ;

15 R17 is $C_1 \cdot C_4 \cdot alkyl$, $C_1 \cdot C_4 \cdot haloalkyl$, phenyl or

is C₁-C₆-alkyl;

phenyl which is partially or fully

halogenated and/or has attached to it one

to three of the following groups:

nitro, cyano, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl,

 C_1-C_4 -alkoxy or C_1-C_4 -haloalkoxy;

 \dot{R}^{18} is hydrogen or C₁-C₆-alkyl;

where X and Y are not simultaneously sulfur; 25

with the exception of

4-[2-chloro-3-(4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonylbenzoyl]-1-ethyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole,

4-[2-chloro-3-(4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-30

benzoyl]-1,3-dimethyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole,

4-[2-chloro-3-(5-cyano-4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methyl-

sulfonylbenzoyl]-1,3-dimethyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole,

4-[2-chloro-3-(4,5-dihydrothiazol-2-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-

benzoyl]-1,3-dimethyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole and

4-[2-chloro-3-(thiazoline-4,5-dion-2-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-

benzoyl]-1,3-dimethyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole;

or an agriculturally useful salt thereof.

40 2. A 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivative of the

formula I where the variables have the following meanings:

 R^1 , R^2 are hydrogen, nitro, halogen, cyano, C1-C6-alkyl, 45 C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkoxy, C₁-C₆-alkylthio, C₁-C₆-haloalkylthio,

C1-C6-alkylsulfinyl	. C ₁	-C ₆ -haloalkylsulfinyl,
C_1-C_6 -alkylsulfonyl	or	C_1 - C_6 -haloalkylsulfonyl;

		C_1 - C_6 -alkylsulfonyl or C_1 - C_6 -haloalkylsulfonyl;
5	R ³	is hydrogen, halogen or C_1 - C_6 -alkyl;
10	R ⁴ , R ⁵	are hydrogen, halogen, cyano, nitro, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, di(C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy)- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, di(C_1 - C_4 -alkyl)-amino- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, [2,2-di(C_1 - C_4 -alkyl)-1-hydrazino]- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkyliminooxy- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxycarbonyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy,
15		C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylthio, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylthio, di(C_1 - C_4 -alkyl)amino, COR^6 , phenyl or benzyl, it being possible for the two last-mentioned substituents to be fully or partially
20		halogenated and/or to have attached to them one to three of the following groups: nitro, cyano, C ₁ -C ₄ -alkyl, C ₁ -C ₄ -haloalkyl, C ₁ -C ₄ -alkoxy or C ₁ -C ₄ -haloalkoxy;
	or	
25	R ⁴ and F	together form a C_2 - C_6 -alkanediyl chain which can be mono- to tetrasubstituted by C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and/or which can be interrupted by oxygen or by a nitrogen which is unsubstituted or substituted by
30		$C_1 - C_4 - alkyl;$
	or	
35	\mathbb{R}^4 and \mathbb{R}^4	together with the corresponding carbon form a carbonyl or thiocarbonyl group;
40	R ⁶	is C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy- C_2 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_3 - C_6 -alkenyloxy, C_3 - C_6 -alkynyloxy or NR^7R^8 ;
	R ⁷	is hydrogen or C ₁ -C ₄ -alkyl;
45	R ⁸	is C ₁ -C ₄ -alkyl;
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x is O, S, NR^9 , CO or $CR^{10}R^{11}$;

Y is 0, S, NR^{12} , CO or $CR^{13}R^{14}$;

5 R^9 , R^{12} are hydrogen or C_1 - C_4 -alkyl;

 R^{10} , R^{11} , R^{13} , R^{14} are hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxycarbonyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxycarbonyl or $CONR^7R^8$;

or

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R4 and R9 or R4 and R10 or R5 and R12 or R5 and R13 together form a C_2 - C_6 -alkanediyl chain which can be monot to tetrasubstituted by C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and/or interrupted by oxygen or by a nitrogen which is unsubstituted or substituted by C_1 - C_4 -alkyl;

 20 is a pyrazole of the formula II which is linked in the 4-position

25 R¹⁸ O III

where

 R^{16} is C_1-C_6 -alkyl;

35 Z is H or SO_2R^{17} ;

is C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, phenyl or phenyl which is partially or fully halogenated and/or has attached to it one to three of the following groups:

nitro, cyano, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy or C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy;

45 R18 is hydrogen or C_1 - C_6 -alkyl;

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where X and Y are not simultaneously oxygen or sulfur;

with the exception of

- 4-[2-chloro-3-(4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-ethyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole,
 - 4-[2-chloro-3-(4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1,3-dimethyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole,
 - 4-[2-chloro-3-(5-cyano-4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methyl-sulfonylbenzoyl]-1,3-dimethyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole,
- 4-[2-chloro-3-(4,5-dihydrothiazol-2-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1,3-dimethyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole and
 4-[2-chloro-3-(thiazoline-4,5-dion-2-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1,3-dimethyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole;
- or an agriculturally useful salt thereof.
 - 3. A 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivative of the formula I as claimed in claim 1 or 2, where \mathbb{R}^3 is hydrogen.
 - 4. A 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivative of the formula I as claimed in any of claims 1 to 3, where
- R¹,R² are nitro, halogen, cyano, C₁-C₆-alkyl,

 C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-haloalkoxy,

 C₁-C₆-alkylthio, C₁-C₆-haloalkylthio,

 C₁-C₆-alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkylsulfinyl,

 C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl or C₁-C₆-haloalkylsulfonyl.
- 5. A 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivative of the formula I as claimed in any of claims 1 to 4, where Z is SO_2R^{17} .
- 6. A 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivative of the formula I as claimed in any of claims 1 to 4, where Z is hydrogen.
- 7. A 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivative of the
 40 formula I as claimed in any of claims 1 to 4 or 6, where X is
 oxygen and Y is CR¹³R¹⁴.
- 8. A 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivative of the formula I as claimed in any of claims 1 to 4 or 6 or 7, where 45

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		R ⁴	is halogen, nitro, C ₁ -C ₄ -alkyl, C ₁ -C ₄ -alkoxy-C ₁ -C ₄ -alkyl, C ₁ -C ₄ -alkoxycarbonyl-C ₁ -C ₄ -alkyl,			
5			C_1 - C_4 -alkylthio- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -cyanoalkyl, C_3 - C_8 -cycloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy- C_2 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylthio, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylthio, di(C_1 - C_4 -alkyl) amino, COR^6 , phenyl or benzyl, it			
10			being possible for the two last-mentioned substituents to be partially or fully halogenated and/or to have attached to them one to three of the following groups: nitro, cyano, C ₁ -C ₄ -alkyl, C ₁ -C ₄ -haloalkyl, C ₁ -C ₄ -alkoxy or C ₁ -C ₄ -haloalkoxy;			
15						
		R ⁵	is hydrogen or C ₁ -C ₄ -alkyl;			
20		or				
25		R ⁴ and R ⁵	together form a C_2 - C_6 -alkanediyl chain which can be mono- to tetrasubstituted by C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and/or which can be interrupted by oxygen or by a nitrogen which is unsubstituted or substituted by C_1 - C_4 -alkyl;			
		or				
30		\mathbb{R}^5 and \mathbb{R}^{13}	together form a C_2 - C_6 -alkanediyl chain which can be mono- to tetrasubstituted by C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and/or which can be interrupted by oxygen or by a nitrogen which is unsubstituted or substituted by C_1 - C_4 -alkyl.			
35	9.		ocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivative of the as claimed in any of claims 1 to 4 or 6 to 8, where			
40		R ⁴	is C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxycarbonyl or $CONR^7R^8$;			
		R ⁵	is hydrogen or C ₁ -C ₄ -alkyl;			
45		or				

 R^4 and R^5 together form a $C_2\text{-}C_6\text{-}alkanediyl}$ chain which can be mono- to tetrasubstituted by $C_1\text{-}C_4\text{-}alkyl}$ and/or which can be interrupted by oxygen or by a nitrogen which is unsubstituted or substituted by $C_1\text{-}C_4\text{-}alkyl;$

or

10 R^5 and R^{13} together form a C_2 - C_6 -alkanediyl chain which can be mono- to tetrasubstituted by C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and/or which can be interrupted by oxygen or by a nitrogen which is unsubstituted or substituted by C_1 - C_4 -alkyl.

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- 10. A 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivative of the formula I as claimed in any of claims 1 to 4 or 6 or 7, where \mathbb{R}^4 and \mathbb{R}^5 are hydrogen.
- 20 11. A 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivative of the formula I as claimed in any of claims 1 to 4 or 6 or 7 or 10, where R¹⁸ is hydrogen.
- 12.4-[2-Chloro-3-(4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole.
 - 13. An agriculturally useful salt of 4-[2-chloro-3-(4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonylbenzoyl]-1-methyl-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole.

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- 14. A 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivative of the formula I as claimed in any of claims 1 to 4 or 6, where
- 35 X is S, NR9, CO or CR10R11;

or

- Y is O, S, NR^{12} or CO.
 - 15. A 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivative of the formula I as claimed in any of claims 1 to 4 or 6 or 14, where \mathbb{R}^{18} is hydrogen.

16.A 3-hete	ero	осу	clyl-subs	sti	tute	d b	enzoyl	de:	riva	at:	ive	of	: t)	ne
formula	I	as	claimed	in	any	of	claims	1	to	4	or	6	or	14,
where														

5	R^4	is halogen, cyano, nitro, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl,
		$C_1 - C_4 - alkoxycarbonyl - C_1 - C_4 - alkyl$,
		C_1-C_4 -alkylthio- C_1-C_4 -alkyl, C_1-C_4 -haloalkyl,
10		C_1-C_4 -cyanoalkyl, C_3-C_8 -cycloalkyl, C_1-C_4 -alkoxy,
10		C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy- C_2 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy,
		C_1 - C_4 -alkylthio, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkylthio,
		$di(C_1-C_4-alkyl)$ amino, COR^6 , phenyl or benzyl, it
		being possible for the two last-mentioned
15		substituents to be partially or fully halogenated
		and/or to have attached to them one to three of
		the following groups:
		nitro, cyano, C ₁ -C ₄ -alkyl, C ₁ -C ₄ -haloalkyl,
		C_1-C_4 -alkoxy or C_1-C_4 -haloalkoxy;

20 R5 is hydrogen or C_1 - C_4 -alkyl;

or

25 R^4 and R^5 together form a C_2 - C_6 -alkanediyl chain which can be mono- to tetrasubstituted by C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and/or which can be interrupted by oxygen or by a nitrogen which is unsubstituted or substituted by C_1 - C_4 -alkyl;

or

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 R^4 and R^9 or R^4 and R^{10} or R^5 and R^{12} or R^5 and R^{13} together form a C_2 - C_6 -alkanediyl chain which can be monoto tetrasubstituted by C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and/or which can be interrupted by oxygen or by a nitrogen which is unsubstituted or substituted by C_1 - C_4 -alkyl;

40 R^{18} is $C_1 \cdot C_6 \cdot alkyl$.

17. A process for the preparation of 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivatives of the formula I as claimed in claim 1, which comprises acylating the pyrazole of the formula II where Z = H, where the variables R¹⁶ and R¹⁸ have the meanings given under claim 1,

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170 R^{18} N N

OH R^{16} II (where Z = H)

with an activated carboxylic acid III α or with a carboxylic acid III β ,

where the variables R^1 to R^5 , X and Y have the meanings given under claim 1 and L^1 is a nucleophilically displaceable leaving group, subjecting the acylation product to a rearrangement reaction in the presence or absence of a catalyst to give the compounds I (where Z = H) and, if desired, to prepare 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivatives of the formula I where $Z = SO_2R^{17}$, reacting the product with a compound of the formula V,

 L^2 SO₂R¹⁷ V

where \mathbb{R}^{17} has the meaning given under claim 1 and \mathbb{L}^2 is a nucleophilically displaceable leaving group.

18. A 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivative of the formula III,

III

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where R¹⁹ is hydroxyl or a radical which can be removed by hydrolysis and variables R¹ to R⁵, X and Y have the meanings given under the claims 1 to 16, with the exception of methyl 2-chloro-3-(4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methylsulfonyl-benzoate, methyl 2-chloro-3-(4,5-dihydrooxazol-2-yl)-4-methylsulfonylbenzoate and methyl 2,4-dichloro-3-(5-methylcarbonyloxy-4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)benzoate.

- 19. A 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivative of the formula III as claimed in claim 18 where the variables \mathbb{R}^1 to \mathbb{R}^5 , X and Y have the meanings given under claims 2 to 16.
- 25 20. A 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoic acid derivative of the formula III as claimed in either of claims 18 or 19, where

 R^{19} is halogen, hydroxyl or C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy.

- 30 21. A composition comprising a herbicidally active amount of at least one 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivative of the formula I or of an agriculturally useful salt of I as claimed in any of claims 1 to 16, and auxiliaries conventionally used for the formulation of crop protection products.
 - 22. A process for the preparation of a composition as claimed in claim 21, which comprises mixing a herbicidally active amount of at least one 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivative of the formula I or of an agriculturally useful salt of I as claimed in any of claims 1 to 16 and auxiliaries conventionally used for the formulation of crop protection products.
- 23. A method of controlling undesirable vegetation, which comprises allowing a herbicidally active amount of at least one 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivative of the

formula I or of an agriculturally useful salt of I as claimed in any of claims 1 to 16 to act on plants, their environment and/or on seeds.

5 24. The use of a 3-heterocyclyl-substituted benzoyl derivative of the formula I or an agriculturally useful salt thereof as claimed in any of claims 1 to 16 as herbicide.